

HOUSTON COUNTY PROBATE COURT-

201 North Perry Parkway, Post Office Box 1801, Perry, Georgia 31069-1801 Phone 478.218.4710 | Fax 478.218.4715

KRISTEN W. HARRIS, JUDGE -

FILING FEES FOR GUARDIANSHIP/CONSERVATORSHIP FOR A PROPOSED WARD

Initial Filling Fees	\$210.00
Professional Fees:	
Doctor Appointment	\$200.00
Attorney Appointment	\$175.00
Background Check*	\$20.00

Total Due at Filing **	\$605.00
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- * If a Guardianship is filed, a background check is required for the Guardian(s) and every adult living in the household. If a Conservatorship is filed, a background check is required for the Conservator(s).
- ** If you are asking for additional powers in the initial petition, you will need to add \$175.00 as the court would also be required to then appoint a Guardian ad Litem.

Also, if the proposed ward is currently located outside of Houston County, there will be additional service fees as they are required by law to be served personally.

There will be a fee of \$10.00 per Certified Letter of Guardianship/Conservatorship at the conclusion of the case.

Approximate total costs for filing Petition for Appointment of Guardian/Conservator for Proposed Ward that is *Uncontested* is \$625.00.

If the ward objects to the appointment, the court will then appoint A Guardian ad Litem and an additional \$175.00 would be due at that time.

LIVING TRUST

A competent adult may also create an inter vivos, or "Living", trust which provides for the handling of all or certain financial affairs by a designated trustee. Like a power of attorney, it allows one to specify the person or entity (i.e. a trust department) to handle the affairs and manage the trust property and may define the exact manner of property management. It is also beneficial in that it designates the trustee with whom third parties may deal regarding financial and other matters within the scope of the trust.

PLACEMENT PROCEDURES

Placement in a personal care home or nursing home often can be accomplished without a guardian, as long as the resident is either (a) cooperative or (b) incapable of objecting. A competent adult has the right to determine his own residence, and a facility is without authority to restrain an adult absent consent, unless the authority to determine residence has been placed in another (a guardian). At times it may be difficult to gauge whether a new resident will ultimately "object," since he may be resistent at first but may adjust after a period of time. Basically, it comes down to whether the administrator of the facility feels it can safely keep the resident and prevent him from harming himself. Of course, it is also necessary to make the financial arrangements for the care of the resident, which may be done by the resident (if competent), an attorney-in-fact, or by anyone accepting the obligation and guaranteeing payment.

REPRESENTATIVE PAYEE STATUS

If a resident receives Social Security or VA benefits, nursing and personal care home administrators can apply to become the representative payee of the resident's benefits, relieving family members of this monthly concern. This is a procedure with which most skilled nursing and personal care home administrators are familiar, and many will file the necessary applications for

the family. If the resident qualifies for Medicare or Medicaid, an assignment of benefits may satisfy any balance of monthly care charges in excess of Social Security or VA benefits.

GUARDIANSHIP

Of course, there are times when a guardianship is needed and necessary. In those cases, the law provides appropriate protections for the adult, and guardians appointed by the Court are monitored by the Court and must file with the Court written, periodic reports on the condition of the ward and the ward's property.

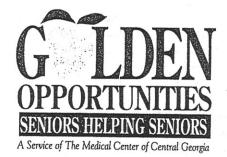
WILLIAM J. SELF, II is Judge of the Probate Court of Bibb County, Georgia. He received his B.B.A. and J.D. degrees from the University of Georgia.

DIANNE BRANNEN is the Ombudsman for the Probate Court of Bibb County, Georgia. She received a B.M. degree from Wesleyan College, an M.B.A. degree from California State University, Los Angeles, and a J.D. degree from Mercer University.

ALTERNATIVES TO GUARDIANSHIP

William J. Self, II Dianne Brannen _{©1993}

PRESENTED BY



ALTERNATIVES TO GUARDIANSHIP

When an adult, especially the elderly, becomes incapacitated or disabled, is the formal appointment of a guardian by the Probate Court necessary to care for or conduct the affairs of the adult? The answer to this very important question, asked often by not only the family and friends of the adult but also by the adult, depends on the circumstances of each individual case. Posing the question is both appropriate and prudent, because adult guardianship proceedings are fairly complicated and time-consuming, as well as relatively expensive, primarily as a result of the due process protections afforded the proposed ward in such proceedings. This is not to say that guardianship proceedings are overly complex; the due process protections help assure that the Court receives clear and convincing evidence of incapacity before removing the rights of an adult citizen and that the order issued in every case is "fashioned" to the particular circumstances.

However, there are often alternatives to guardianship which may accomplish the needed ends in any particular case. These alternatives should be considered, where applicable, and should be utilized in every case where doing so will accomplish the underlying purpose AND provide any needed protection for the adult.

It is important to distinguish physical disability or incapacity from mental disability or incapacity. One can be physically incapacitated yet retain full mental competence. On the other hand, one might be mentally incapacitated but be physically quite fit and well. The availability and/or effectiveness of any of these alternatives will likely be dependent upon the type and extent of incapacity.

LIVING WILL

The Georgia Code defines a living will as a written directive instructing a physician to withhold or withdraw life-sustaining procedures in the event of a terminal condition, a coma, or a persistent vegetative state. Its basic purpose is to protect a patient's dignity and prevent unnecessary pain and suffering at the end of life. Any person who is of sound mind may execute a living will. (Physical condition is irrelevant, as long as the individual is of sound mind and capable of understanding the document.)

There are a number of specific requirements in the law concerning the formalities to protect the individual. There are very precise and detailed provisions governing the execution of a living will, the types of witnesses required and a person's right to revoke the living will. [O.C.G.A. § 31-32-5.]

Those who already have living wills should be aware that there have been some recent changes in the law. Since April 1992, it has become possible to request the withholding of food and water, as well as medical procedures, for a comatose, terminal patient. Additionally, under then existing law, living wills made before March 28, 1986 expired seven years from the date of execution, and a new living will may be needed. [Living Will form: O.C.G.A. 31-32-3]

DURABLE POWER OF ATTORNEY FOR HEALTH CARE

The durable power of attorney for health care is quite different from the living will. It names an agent to make health care decisions in accordance with specific instructions set forth in the document. It covers many more situations than does a living will and applies any time a person becomes incapable of making or expressing health care decisions, not just at the end of life. It also allows for the authority to make anatomical gifts (organ and tissue donations).

As with living wills, execution and completion of the durable power must comply with statutory requirements of formality. If the named agent is available, the durable health care power of attorney will supersede the living will. However, to cover the possibility of the unavailability of the agent, many attorneys recommend the execution of both a living will and a durable power. [Form: O.C.G.A. 31-36-10]

GEORGIA MEDICAL CONSENT LAW

It is also important to recognize that, in an emergency, the law allows physicians to treat anyone who is incapable of consenting [O.C.G.A. § 31-9-3(b)], and in non-emergency situations, the next of kin may consent if the patient is unable to do so. [O.C.G.A. § 31-9-2(b)] The Georgia Medical Consent Law lists the persons who may consent to medical care for another, and authorizes physicians to act in emergency situations. Guardianship may not be necessary to consent to medical treatment, unless there is a dispute among those persons having equal voice under the law. [O.C.-G.A. § 31-9-1, et seq.]

GENERAL POWER OF ATTORNEY

In addition to a health care power of attorney, one may also execute a general power of attorney, which may be combined with or executed separately from the health care power. A power of attorney names an agent to act in the place of the individual, primarily in monetary and property matters, and defines the extent of or limitation on the authority given. The authority granted may be very specific or quite broad and may include the authority to: write checks and make deposits in accounts; buy and sell real estate or other property or investments; negotiate and settle debts and claims; etc. Powers of attorney (both general and health care), executed while the adult is mentally competent, often allow for the conduct of all business and personal affairs of the adult once incapacitated without the necessity of guardianship.

attorney and the amount, if any, of the filing costs. Usually, the petition must be filed with a report of incapacity from a physician or psychologist who has examined the proposed ward within ten days of filing. If a further evaluation report presents probable cause of incapacity, the judge will then schedule a hearing to determine if a guardianship will be created

Duties And Powers Of The Guardian The guardian has the rights and powers necessary provide reasonably adequately for the support, care, education and well-being of the ward. A guardian of the person must make arrangements for such provision from the ward's funds, even to the extent of participation in legal One reading of the proceedings. Americans with Disabilities Act requires that a ward receive care in the least restrictive setting. Subject to certain restrictions, the guardian may give medical consents for the ward and, generally, may establish a ward's abode.

A guardian of the person shall respect and maintain the individual rights and dignity of the ward at all times. The guardian shall be reasonably accessible to the ward and shall maintain regular communication with the ward. A status report describing the ward's general condition, living situation, progress, development and needs as well as recommendations for change must be filed four months after appointment and thereafter annually on the anniversary of appointment.

A guardian of the property may sell, lease, encumber or exchange property of the ward for payment of the ward's debts, for support and education of the ward or dependents of the ward, or for reinvestment upon order of the court. The guardian of the property must

file both an annual report and inventory with the court. The guardian of the property is entitled to commissions for what he or she has received and paid out. All guardians must file a petition in court to obtain permission to perform any act not specifically authorized.

Rights Of The Ward Georgia recognizes that making personal decisions is the most basic of rights. By law, no person is presumed to be incapacitated and, out of respect for a person's dignity, the right to make any decision cannot be casually removed. Hence, a ward retains those rights not removed by statute as well as those rights the court specifically exempts because it finds their removal unnecessary.

In all cases, a ward cannot be denied any civil, political, personal or property right without due process of law. The ward has the right to communicate freely and privately with others. His property must be used for his support, care, education and well-being. The ward also has a right to petition to have the guardianship modified or terminated or to claim that a right or privilege is unjustly denied.

Summary If less intrusive means are unavailable, a guardianship can be an appropriate device to provide for substituted decision-making on behalf of an incapacitated adult. Georgia law recognizes the dignity of all human persons by authorizing the removal of decision-making abilities only to the extent necessitated by the limitations of the ward. Guardians, accordingly, have special duties to the ward and to the court. For his or her part, the ward retains all rights not removed and can petition the court to have his or her right to make decisions restored. When the law and its spirit are followed, guardianship can be a relationship which can help fulfill and educate the ward and the guardian as well.

GUARDIANSHIP OF ADULTS IN GEORGIA

Rights and Duties

Prepared by the GEORGIA ADVOCACY OFFICE 999 Peachtree Street, N.E. Suite 870 Atlanta, GA 30309 (404) 885-1234 (800) 537-2329 The personal right to make decisions about living one's own life is taken for granted by most adults. Yet, inevitably, mental illness, mental retardation, and physical illness or disability may render some adults incapacitated during the course of their lives and thereby prevent them from making some or all of the necessary decisions concerning life or property. When this occurs, guardianship is one means of substituting the judgment of other people for the decisions of incapacitated individuals.

Forms Of Substituted Decision-Making Before guardianship is sought for an adult who is incapacitated, a number of less intrusive means of substituted decision-making should be examined. Some forms of substituted decision-making allow an individual to plan for his or her incapacity. These fall into several categories:

- general power of attorney allows a competent individual to grant another person (the agent) the authority to make decisions in specified areas (such as financial).
- health care power of attorney grants authority for health care decisions.
- a living will sets forth a person's desires about medical procedures used to prolong life.
- a living trust is a legal plan for placing property with a trustee for the benefit of another person, a beneficiary.
- joint property allows two or more persons to own property together.

There are other means to respond to an existing incompetency:

- a representative payeeship exists where the Veterans Administration or Social Security Administration appoints someone to handle benefits checks for a person determined incapable of doing so.
- money management is an informal device wherein third persons act in a paid professional capacity to assist individuals in managing their financial affairs.

Nevertheless, sometimes none of the above alternatives is available and the only means of substituted decision-making for an incapacitated person is guardianship.

Types of Guardianship A guardianship is a legal relationship in which a court appoints a person (a guardian) to make certain decisions for another person proven to be incapacitated (a ward).

There are two main types of guardianship - of the person and of the property. A guardianship of the person may remove from the incapacitated person the powers to contract marriage, to make other contracts, to consent to medical treatment, to establish a residence, and to bring or defend an action in court. A guardianship of the property may remove from the ward the powers to bring or defend actions in court, to make contracts, to buy and sell property, and to enter into business and commercial transactions. Often, a court appoints one person both guardian of the person and of the property.

Within these two main categories, there is further division. A guardianship can be either permanent or temporary (called "limited in duration"). A guardianship can be total (granting all powers) or the guardian's powers may be limited with the ward retaining some powers which could have been removed. (Although Georgia's statute fails to give a name to a guardianship removing fewer rights than allowed, "limited" is the term most often used by courts nationwide.) Georgia law is progressive in this regard, recognizing that not all incapacitated persons are incapacitated in the same manner and to the same degree. The law specifically requires that guardianships shall be "designed to encourage the development of maximum self-reliance and independence in the ward and shall be ordered only to the extent necessitated by the person's actual and adaptive limitations." (O.C.G.A. 29-5-7(h)). For example, just because a person does not possess the judgment to make contracts does not mean that he or she cannot decide where to live. Finally, a guardianship can be created on an emergency basis.

Who Can Be A Guardian Any person who is not a minor, is not incapacitated or does not have a substantial conflict of interest can be a guardian. The law lists preferences starting with the person chosen by the ward prior to incapacitation. Yet a court may pass over someone with a preference, and if nobody is available, may appoint the director of the county Department of Family and Children Services.

Procedure For Appointment Of A Guardian Any interested person may file a petition, a blank copy of which is available from the county Probate Court. The court will advise whether or not the petitioner needs an

PENALTIES FOR FILING FRIVOLOUS PLEADINGS, ETC.

Caution is particularly given to persons representing themselves in court that there are provisions under Georgia law for the assessment of penalties against anyone who files false, frivolous, vexatious or groundless pleadings. These penalties may include the dismissal of such pleadings, the assessment of costs of court and attorney's fees against the offending party, and other remedies appropriate to the particular case. Additionally, there are similar penalties for the failure or refusal, without just cause, to respond to proper discovery requests.

Generally, one must have "legal grounds" for objecting to or for filing a caveat to a probate proceeding. Because of the penalty provisions briefly discussed above, it is especially recommended that legal advice be sought before the filing of an objection or caveat to a pending probate proceeding.

COURT COSTS

There is a cost set by law for the filing of every new probate proceeding, as well as for most pleadings filed after the initial filing, including objections, caveats and claims. There is a minimum deposit toward costs required for every new proceeding which must be paid in advance. Unless otherwise ordered or directed by the court, costs are the responsibility of the person filing the original proceeding, and full payment of any balance due may be required prior to issuance of a final order. A party filing an objection or caveat to a pending proceeding or a creditor filing a claim must pay the fee for the filing of same before the court is required to accept it for filing.

Court costs are considered an expense of administration under law, having a priority over other debts and claims, and must be paid by the personal representative of the estate prior to the payment of other debts and prior to distribution to heirs or beneficiaries. The failure or refusal to pay court costs may result in the dismissal of proceedings, the removal of the personal representative or other actions by the court to assure and receive payment.

THANK YOU

While we want to be of service to the public, there are restrictions on and limits to what the staff and judge of the Probate Court may properly do. This brochure is intended to help the public understand these restrictions. It is never our intent to seem unhelpful or uncooperative. Within these restrictions and limitations, it is our desire to be of assistance to all who come into this office. We do hope that you will understand these limitations. With that in mind, please let us know if we may be of further service to you. Thank you.

The Judge and Staff of the Probate Court

WILLIAM J, SELF, II, is Judge of the Probate Court of Bibb County, Georgia. He holds a B.B.A. and a J.D. from the University of Georgia, is active in the American, Georgia and Macon Bar Associations, is a member of the National College of Probate Judges, and is a frequent lecturer for the Institute for Continuing Judicial Education in Georgia.

PROCEEDING PRO SE IN PROBATE COURT

Please read this brochure BEFORE

"Representing Yourself in Probate Court Without an Attorney"

PRESENTED AS A PUBLIC SERVICE BY

HOUSTON COUNTY
PROBATE COURT
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P.O. BOX 1801
PERRY, GA 31069
478-218-4710
web site: houstoncountyga.org



WILLIAM J. SELF, H, JUDGE © 1999

DOCUMENT PREPARED BY WILLIAM J. SELF, II, JUDGE BIBB COUNTY PROBATE COURT NOTICE: Before proceeding without an attorney, you are required by this court to receive and review this brochure. Please read its contents carefully before asking the assistance of court staff with the filing of forms or pleadings.

GEORGIA PROBATE COURT STANDARD FORMS

Many of the usual and ordinary proceedings iled in probate court require the use of standard orms approved in accordance with the Uniform Probate Court Rules established by law.

The Probate Court gladly provides to itizens of this County and to others desiring to file proceedings in this Court copies of the Georgia Probate Court Standard Forms as required by law. These forms are printed or reproduced at taxpayers' xpense; therefore, unless a true need is lemonstrated, only one set of a requested form will pe provided. Georgia Probate Court Standard forms may be reproduced on copy machines, and xact reproductions are acceptable for filing in any probate court. The forms may also be re-created in computer word processors, but re-printed or rereated forms must contain a certificate that the content is identical in all material aspects to the tandard form except for additions and deletions as ioted.

The standard forms are primarily for use in he initial filing of new proceedings. There is not a tandard form for every possible proceeding or leading which may be filed in probate courts. In particular, there are no standard forms for the filing of most objections, caveats, answers or responses or for the many motions and discovery pleadings which may be filed.

REPRESENTATION BY AN ATTORNEY AT LAW

While you are not generally required to have an attorney, you are encouraged to seek legal advice on all matters of legal importance. It is suggested that you seek advice in probate matters from an attorney who practices probate or estate law. The attorney can assist you in determining which proceeding is the most appropriate for your particular situation and can discuss fully with you the benefits, if any, in considering alternative proceedings. Very often, there are other matters related to probate proceedings (e.g., tax returns, preparation of deeds, title transfers, benefit claims, creditor notices, debtor demands, etc.) which may also make it appropriate or necessary to seek the services of an attorney.

PROCEEDING WITHOUT AN ATTORNEY "PROCEEDING PRO SE"

If you proceed without an attorney, i.e., pro se (a Latin phrase meaning "for one's self"), it will be your responsibility to determine or select the proceeding appropriate to your situation. The staff of the Probate Court may not make the determination or selection for you, since to do so may constitute the unauthorized practice of law, a misdemeanor crime under Georgia law. Neither the Court nor the County can accept responsibility for incorrect decisions made by the staff, and they have been directed to refrain from giving that kind of advice.

It will also be your responsibility to properly complete all forms, which must either be typed or legibly printed, and to assure the sufficiency and accuracy of all required information. The staff are not permitted to perform clerical tasks for the public and cannot accept responsibility for determining the legal sufficiency of the information required for any proceeding or form. The staff will be able to answer any basic questions about the standard forms and about any deadlines for the filing of proceedings. They will also be able to schedule uncontested hearings and tell you how other matters are scheduled by the Court.

The Probate Judge is required by law to remain impartial to all parties. The Judge must treat every case as though it may become contested. Therefore, the Judge also may not advise you on which proceeding is the most appropriate to your case. The Judge is prohibited from discussing the facts or evidence in any contested case with one party unless all parties are present or represented. You should not ask to discuss your case privately with the Judge, and you should understand if the Judge stops any discussion which appears to require the presence of others.

Furthermore, if you proceed without an attorney, it will be your responsibility to make arrangements for personal service on all persons upon whom personal service is required, to assure the filing of a proper return of service on all such persons, to assure the publication of any notices not performed by the court or its staff, and to secure the presence of or interrogatories from any witnesses whose testimony is necessary under law or desired by you for the presentation of your case. If the matter is contested, it will be your further responsibility to prepare yourself and your case for trial, including the pursuit of and response to discovery.

It is the responsibility for all such matters which would be assumed by an attorney employed to represent you, and you are again encouraged to consult first with an attorney before deciding whether to proceed *pro se*.

NON-CRIMINAL JUSTICE APPLICANT'S PRIVACY RIGHTS

As an applicant who is the subject of a Georgia only or a Georgia and Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) national fingerprint/biometric-based criminal history check for a noncriminal justice purpose (such as an application for employment or a license, an immigration or naturalization matter, security clearance, or adoption), you have certain rights which are discussed below. All notices must be provided to you in writing. These obligations are pursuant to the Privacy Act of 1974, Title 5, United States Code (U.S.C.) Section 552a, and Title 28 Code of Federal Regulation (CFR), 50.12, among other authorities.

- You must be provided written notification that your fingerprints/biometrics will be used to check the criminal history records maintained by the Georgia Crime Information Center (GCIC) and the FBI, when a federal record check is so authorized.
- You must be provided an adequate written FBI Privacy Act Statement (dated 2013 or later) when
 you submit your fingerprints and associated personal information. This Privacy Act Statement
 must explain the authority for collecting your fingerprints and associated information and whether
 your fingerprints and associated information will be searched, shared or explained.
- You must be advised in writing of the procedures for obtaining a change, correction, or update of your criminal history record as set forth at 28 CFR 16.34.
- You must be provided the opportunity to complete or challenge the accuracy of the information in your criminal history record (if you have such a record).
- If you have a criminal history record, you should be afforded a reasonable amount of time to correct or complete the record (or decline to do so) before the officials deny you the employment, license, or other benefit based on the information in the criminal history record.
- If agency policy permits, the officials may provide you with a copy of your criminal history record
 for review and possible challenge. If agency policy does not permit it to provide you a copy of the
 record, you may find information regarding how to obtain a copy of your Georgia criminal history
 record at the GBI website: https://gbi.georgia.gov/services/obtaining-criminal-history-recordinformation-frequently-asked-questions Information regarding how to obtain a copy of your FBI
 criminal history record is located at the FBI website: https://www.edo.cjis.gov
- If you decide to challenge the accuracy or completeness of your criminal history record, you should contact and send your challenge to the agency that contributed the questioned information. If the disputed arrest occurred in the State of Georgia, you may send your challenge directly to the GCIC. Contact information for the GCIC can be found at https://gbi.georgia.gov/services/obtaining-criminal-history-record-information-frequently-asked-questions Alternatively, you may send your challenge directly to the FBI by submitting a request via https://www.edo.cjis.gov. The FBI will then forward your challenge to the agency that contributed the questioned information and request the agency to verify or correct the challenge entry. Upon receipt of an official communication from that agency, the FBI will make any necessary changes/corrections to your record in accordance with the information supplied by that agency. (See 28 CFR 16.30 through 16.34.)
- You have the right to expect that officials receiving the results of the criminal history record check will use it only for the authorized purposes and will not retain or disseminate it in violation of federal statute, regulation or executive order, or rule, procedure or standard established by the National Crime Prevention and Privacy Compact Council.

Privacy Act Statement

This privacy act statement is located on the back of the FD-258 fingerprint card.

Authority: The FBI's acquisition, preservation, and exchange of fingerprints and associated information is generally authorized under 28 U.S.C. 534. Depending on the nature of your application, supplemental authorities include Federal statutes, State statutes pursuant to Pub. L. 92-544, Presidential Executive Orders, and federal regulations. Providing your fingerprints and associated information is voluntary; however, failure to do so may affect completion or approval of your application.

Principal Purpose: Certain determinations, such as employment, licensing, and security clearances, may be predicated on fingerprint-based background checks. Your fingerprints and associated information/biometrics may be provided to the employing, investigating, or otherwise responsible agency, and/or the FBI for the purpose of comparing your fingerprints to other fingerprints in the FBI's Next Generation Identification (NGI) system or its successor systems (including civil, criminal, and latent fingerprint repositories) or other available records of the employing, investigating, or otherwise responsible agency. The FBI may retain your fingerprints and associated information/biometrics in NGI after the completion of this application and, while retained, your fingerprints may continue to be compared against other fingerprints submitted to or retained by NGI. Routine Uses: During the processing of this application and for as long thereafter as your fingerprints and associated information/biometrics are retained in NGI, your information may be disclosed pursuant to your consent, and may be disclosed without your consent as permitted by the Privacy Act of 1974 and all applicable Routine Uses as may be published at any time in the Federal Register, including the Routine Uses for the NGI system and the FBI's Blanket

Routine Uses. Routine uses include, but are not limited to, disclosures to: employing, governmental or authorized non-governmental agencies responsible for employment, contracting, licensing, security clearances, and other suitability determinations; local, state, tribal, or federal law enforcement agencies; criminal justice agencies; and agencies responsible for national security or public safety.

As of 02/04/2021

PRIVACY RIGHTS NOTIFICATIONS FORM

APPLICANT PRIVACY RIGHTS NOTIFICATION

(Applicant Notification and Record Challenge)

Your fingerprints will be used to check the criminal history records of the FBI. You have the opportunity to complete or challenge the accuracy of the information contained in the FBI identification record. The procedure for obtaining a change, correction or updating an FBI identification record is set forth in Title 28 Code of Federal Regulations 16.34.

Procedures for obtaining a copy of the FBI criminal history record are set forth in 28 CFR 16.30-16.33 or go to the FBI website at http://fbi.gov/about-us/cjis/background-checks.

By signing this document below, I hereby state that I have reviewed a copy of the Non-criminal Justice Applicant's Privacy Rights form and the Privacy Act Statement.

SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBERS NOTIFICATION

(Notice required under Section (7b) of the Federal Privacy Act of 1974)

Under Section 7(b) of the Privacy Act of 1974, 5 U.S.C. 552a (note), any government agency which requests an individual to disclose his Social Security account number must inform that individual whether the disclosure is mandatory or voluntary, by what statutory or other authority such number is solicited, and what uses will be made of it.

The Probate Judge of Henry County is authorized to request Social Security numbers pursuant to *Official Code of Georgia Annotated*, Section 16-11-129, which regulates firearms licensing checks and also under Rule 24.1, *Uniform Rules for the Probate Courts* in other situations as set forth therein including guardianships, conservatorships, and estates. The Social Security number blanks appear in certain forms published by the State of Georgia and by the local Court.

The Social Security number is used as a secondary identifier when processing checks of criminal history records maintained by the state and federal governments. In specific investigations which may involve examination of particular records obtained from outside sources, the Social Security number might be used to determine whether the individual named in the records and the individual under investigation are the same or different persons.

The listing of Social Security numbers on the disclosure forms is voluntary. Under Section 7(a) of the Privacy Act, it is not proper to deny or revoke a license or impose any penalty because of an individual's refusal to disclose a Social Security number.

However, the absence of a Social Security number as a secondary identifier may delay processing and decisions because of necessary additional investigative time. Note that the absence of a Social Security number may result in an individual initially being identified as having a criminal record which actually is that of another person.

NAME-BASED CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORD INFORMATION CONSENT/ INQUIRY FORM

(Continued)

I hereby authorize Houston County Probate Court to conduct an inquiry for the purpose listed below and receive any Georgia And/or national criminal history record information as authorized by state and federal law.

Full Name (PRINT	Γ OR TYPE)	M	aiden name, if applicat	ole
Address		City	State	Zip Code
Sex	Race			
Date of Birth		Soc	cial Security Number	
			om date of signature. ve consent to the above a of my appointment.	e-named entity to perform periodic
Signature				Date
Attorney for Indiv	idual (Purpose E and	U Only)	Bar Number	Date
Date of Inquiry: _		_ Time of Inqui	ry:	Operator's Initials:
Non-Criminal Just	ice Purpose			
Purpose Code E				
Criminal Re No NCIC/G	Ited in the follow I Record Available Cord (Attached/R CIC Warrant CIC/GCIC Warran	eleased)		
Wanting Ag	gency Name :			
Wanting Ag	gency Phone:			
Agency Designee	Signature and Tit	le		Date

PETITION FOR THE APPOINTMENT OF A GUARDIAN AND/OR CONSERVATOR FOR A PROPOSED WARD

INSTRUCTIONS

I. Specific Instructions

- 1. This form is to be used for filing a Petition for the Appointment of a Guardian and/or Conservator for a Proposed Ward pursuant to O.C.G.A. §§ 29-4-10 and 29-5-10.
- 2. In determining if this Court is the proper place to bring this action, Petitioner(s) should consult Georgia law, including but not limited to, Chapters 4, 5 and 11 of Title 29, as applicable.
- 3. In any case involving the creation of a Conservatorship when the Proposed Ward owns real property, a certificate of creation of Conservatorship will be completed by the Clerk of the Probate Court and filed with the Clerk of the Superior Court of each county of this state in which the Proposed Ward owns real property within thirty (30) days of the date of such order.
- 4. The burden of proof is on the Petitioner to present clear and convincing evidence that the Proposed Ward lacks sufficient capacity to make or communicate significant responsible decisions concerning his or her health or safety and is in need of a guardianship and/or that the Proposed Ward lacks sufficient capacity to make or communicate significant responsible decisions concerning the management of his or her property and is in need of a Conservatorship.
- 5. The Petition must state whether or not the Proposed Ward resided in another state prior to the Guardianship Petition being filed. The Petition must list the address at which the Proposed Ward resided and the individuals with whom he or she resided. The court may require additional service to these individuals according to O.C.G.A. §§ 29-4-10 (b) (17) and 29-9-7 (b).
- 6. The Certificate to the Secretary of State page is to be used only when a determinative finding has been made that the Proposed Ward's voting rights should be removed due to the lack of capacity of the ward. The order of the Court must be modified to reflect that this right was removed. The certificate must be mailed to the Secretary of State.
- 7. The Certificate to the GBI page shall be used in all cases where a Guardianship and/or Conservatorship is/are established. Individuals so listed in this database will be prohibited from obtaining a Georgia Weapons Carry License. In the event the ward's rights are restored, such restoration of rights shall be sent to the GBI, so the database can be updated. Only the Certificate needs to be sent to the GBI and not the Guardianship Order.

- 8. The Proposed Ward and his or her appointed attorney, and guardian ad litem if appointed, shall receive full copies of the entire Petition as filed. All other parties entitled to service shall receive only a notice of service herein titled: "NOTICE OF FILING OF PETITION FOR GUARDIANSHIP AND/OR CONSERVATORSHIP."
- 9. According to Probate Court Rule 5.6 (A), unless the Court specifically assumes the responsibility, it is the responsibility of the moving party to prepare the proper citation and deliver it properly so it can be served according to law. All pages after the Notice regarding Uniform Probate Court Rule 5.6 (A) are to be completed by the moving party, unless otherwise directed by the Court.
- 10. An oath must be administered by a Probate Judge or Clerk (the oath cannot be administered by a notary public). Use Georgia Probate Court Supplement 4 for the oath. The oath is not included in this form. Georgia Probate Court Form 53, Commission to Administer Oath, can be used if the oath is to be administered by a court outside the State of Georgia.

II. General Instructions

General instructions applicable to all Georgia Probate Court Standard Forms are available in each Probate Court or at www.gaprobate.gov, labeled GPCSF 1.

IN RE:		W)		
		,)) EST	ATE NO.	
PROPOSED WARD	790)		
GUARDIA	PETITION I N AND/OR CO				WARD
[NOTE: Unless there completed by a physical examination within figures.]	cian, psychologis	st, or license	ed clinical s	social worker	
The Petition of	· 			e s	,
whose relationship to	the above-named	Proposed W	ard is		, whose
domicile is	Street	City	Соиг	nty Stat	te Zip Code
and mailing address is	Street	City	Cour	ity Stat	te Zip Code
AND [initial either (a)) or (h) halowl				
	on of				
					,
whose don					
whose don	Street	City	County	State	Zip Code ,
and mailin	g address is				·
	Stre	et	City	County S.	tate Zip Code
OR					
(b) Attached h	ereto as pages 15	and 16 and	made a part	of this Petitio	n is the completed
affidavit of	f, i	a physician,	psychologis	t licensed to p	practice in Georgia
or licensed	l clinical social v	worker, who	has exami	ned the Prop	osed Ward within
fifteen (15) days prior to t	he filing of	this Petitio	n, and shows	to the Court the
following					

1.

The Proposed Ward		1			u
•	[Full na	me of Proposed	d Ward] First	Middle	Last
whose age is,	date of 1	oirth is	D)		
Social Security Number is _				, domicile is _	
				1 N	
	ity	County		tate	Zip Code
presently located at		C:	tu. Cou	inty State	Zip Code
					797 G
which is a $type of facility, if a$	pplicable]		5	an	d can be contacted at
telephone number:	7	·			
		2			
(a) Will the Proposed Ward next three (3) days?	be move	ed within the		[Select On	e] □ Yes □ No
(b) Is the Proposed Ward a	citizen of	a foreign co	untry?	[Select On	e] □ Yes □ No
If you answer "Yes" to (a) a (a) The following is Street	` '		ne Proposed	Ward is anticip	
(b) The Proposed The Vienna Con	(i	f a guardian	of a fore ship or con	ign country, servatorship is	said country being granted, pursuant to
		3			
(a) Is a guardianship necess Proposed Ward lacks su communicate significant concerning his or her he	fficient c t respons	apacity to m		[Select On	e]
(b) Is a conservatorship nec Ward lacks sufficient ca communicate significant concerning the manager	pacity to t respons	make or ible decision	S	[Select On	e] □ Yes □ No

If you answer "Yes" to (a) and/or (b), provide the facts that support the claim of the need for a guardian/conservator (continued on next page): YOU MUST PROVIDE ANSWER ON THE NEXT PAGE

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	3		
		4.	
guardia	1:	osed Ward for the following	• •
	he best interest of the Properties.	osed Ward for the following	individual to be appointed
		5.	•
T1 C		D	
		Proposed Ward's incapacity sed Ward to retain the follo	
[NOTE: The whose address known, then I the Proposed Ward. In det foregoing rules	law requires notice to be uses are known, if any. If the Ward; parents and sibling the persons to we use, the Petitioner(s) should the petition for Guardianship and sibling and sibling the persons to we use, the Petitioner(s) should the petition for Guardianship and sibling the persons to we use the Petition for Guardianship and sibling the persons to we use the Petition for Guardianship and sibling the persons to we use the Petition for Guardianship and sibling the persons the persons the persons the persons to we use the persons the perso	sed Ward to retain the follo	and to all living childrendren whose addresses are rity: lineal descendants of the Proposed friends of the Proposed pe given according to the reiving notice. The "Notice
[NOTE: The whose address known, then it the Proposed Ward. In det foregoing rule of Filing of P not the entire	law requires notice to be esses are known, if any. If the list at least two (2) adults in Ward; parents and sibling the persons to we less, the Petitioner(s) should in the Petition for Guardianship and Petition.]	6. given to the spouse, if any, here are no living adult chile the following order of priors of the Proposed Ward; and shom notice is required to be not be counted as persons recounted.	and to all living childrendren whose addresses are rity: lineal descendants of the Proposed of given according to the reiving notice. The "Notice e sent to these parties and

(a) Was an individual nominated to serve under a living will,	[Select One]
durable power of attorney for healthcare, or other instrument that deals with the management of the person of the Proposed	[Select One] II Tes II Te
Ward in the event of incapacity, prior to the filing of this Guardianship Petition?	
If you answer "Yes" to (a), provide the name(s), address(es), and red Ward, if any, indicate the nature of his/her/their interest, and wheth act or have failed to act under said appointment and attach the do Petition:	er he/she/they are willing to
(b) Was an individual numinated in writing to some as guardian by	[Soloot One] Ves No
(b) Was an individual nominated in writing to serve as guardian by the Proposed Ward, or any other individual such as a spouse	
adult child, or parent, to care for the Proposed Ward either	
because of or in the event of incapacity?	
If you answer "Yes" to (b), provide the name(s), address(es), and red Ward, if any, indicate the nature of his/her/their interest, whether hunder said appointment, and whether the individual(s) is/are an own a caregiving institution in which the Proposed Ward currently is redocument as an exhibit to this Petition:	e/she/they are willing to act er, operator, or employee of
(c) Was an order relating to cardiopulmonary resuscitation issued by the Proposed Ward or another individual addressing end of life decisions and/or life sustaining procedures?	[Select One]
If you answer "Yes" to (c), provide the name(s), address(es), and ret	
Ward, if any, indicate the nature of his/her/their interest, whether hunder said appointment, and attach the document as an exhibit to this	

(d) Was a trust created for or by the Proposed Ward?	[Select One]
If you answer "Yes" to (d), provide the name(s), address(es), and rel Ward (if any) of the Trustee; indicate the nature of the Ward's inter Trustee(s) is/are willing to act under said appointment, and attach this Petition:	est in the Trust, whether the
	4
(e) Was any other document created which gave another individual authority to act on the Proposed Ward's behalf either by the Proposed Ward or someone else?	2
If you answer "Yes" to (e), provide the name(s), address(es), and rel Ward, if any, indicate the nature of his/her/their interest, whether h under said appointment, and attach the document as an exhibit to this	e/she/they are willing to act
	. <u>)</u>
(f) Does another person have the authority to act on behalf of the Proposed Ward?	[Select One] □ Yes □ No
If you answer "Yes" to (f), provide the name(s), address(es), and rel Ward, if any, indicate the nature of his/her/their interest, whether h under said appointment, and attach the document as an exhibit to thi	e/she/they are willing to act
8.	
Does anyone named above, or the proposed guardian(s)/conservator(s) have a financial conflict of interest with the Proposed Ward?	[Select One]
[Note: A conflict of interest may exist if the proposed conservator is a joint account with the Proposed Ward.]	co-owner of real property or
If you answer "Yes," list the nature of the conflict of interest:	
	X 2

	•			nergency	[Select One	e]
			ergency G	uardianship	[Select One	e] □ Yes □ No
				d address of	the person(s	s) appointed as
nergency (Fuardian(s):					
			First	Mia	ldle	Last
reet			City	County	State	Zip Code
)
nergency (Conservator(
		(Full nam	e) First	Mia	ldle	Last
reet		(City	County	State	Zip Code
	-			manent	[Select One	e]
	" (-)	ovide the	filino date	of the Petit	ion for Guard	dianshin and/or
	ianship and wer "Yes" conservato half of the Conservat swer "Yes y Guardian mergency (reet mergency (reet	ianship and/or Conservatorship and conservatorship and chalf of the Proposed We Conservatorship was of the Sawer "Yes" to (b), livy Guardian(s) and/or Conservatorship was conserved to the Conservator (conservator) and the Conservator (conservator) was a series of the Proposed We half of the Proposed We ianship and/or Conservator (conservator) and the Conservator (conservator) a	ianship and/or Conservatorship was wer "Yes" to (a), provide the fill conservatorship and the name thalf of the Proposed Ward, an Embedding Conservatorship was created. Is wer "Yes" to (b), list the full by Guardian(s) and/or Conservator (Full name) Treet The proposed Ward, a Petitianship and/or Conservatorship was created.	ianship and/or Conservatorship was filed. Swer "Yes" to (a), provide the filing date of conservatorship and the name of the Conservatorship and the name of the Conservatorship was created. Swer "Yes" to (b), list the full name and y Guardian(s) and/or Conservator(s): Intergency Guardian(s): (Full name) First Freet City Therefore Conservator(s): (Full name) First Freet City The Conservator of the Proposed Ward, a Petition for Penianship and/or Conservatorship was filed.	where "Yes" to (a), provide the filing date of the Petition on Servatorship and the name of the County and Servatorship and the name of the County and Servatorship and the name of the County and Servatorship was created. It is were "Yes" to (b), list the full name and address of the Guardian(s) and/or Conservator(s): Interpet (Full name) First Middle of the Proposed Ward, a Petition for Permanent ianship and/or Conservatorship was filed.	ianship and/or Conservatorship was filed. Swer "Yes" to (a), provide the filing date of the Petition for Emergency Conservatorship and the name of the County and State in which that of the Proposed Ward, an Emergency Guardianship [Select One of Conservatorship was created. Swer "Yes" to (b), list the full name and address of the person(stry Guardian(s) and/or Conservator(s): The proposed Ward (select One of County State of

If you	answer "Ye		orship was created. the full name and	l address of the	person(s)	appointed as
	Guardian(s)	•				
	Guaran (3)	(Full name)	First	Middle		Last
	Street	3. a. a.	City	County	State	Zip Code
	Conservator	(s):				,
		(Full name)	First	Middle	1. 6	Last
	Street		City	County	State	Zip Code
		_	d, a Petition for Periorship was denied.	manent [S	elect One]	☐ Yes ☐ No
Conser			ovide the reason hether any change			
					· ·	

ASSETS, INCOME, OTHER SOURCES OF FUNDS, LIABILITIES, AND EXPENSES OF PROPOSED WARD

REAL PROPERTY			
[Indicate if property is jointly owned	d and, if so, with wh	om]	
Description County	State	Joint Owner, if any	Approximate Equity:
Parcel 1:		•	\$
Parcel 2:			\$
Parcel 3:			\$
INCOME FROM ALL SOURCE	S		
Yearly Total:			
Social Security per year:			\$
SSI [Supplemental Security Income	/ per year:		\$
Retirement benefits per year:			\$
VA benefits per year:			\$
Other income per year (e.g., alimon	y, annuity, or trust d	istributions):	\$
Interest, dividend, or investment inc		*	\$
	Yearly Total	of All Income:	\$
PERSONAL AND INTANGIBLE	DDODEDTV		
		· · · · 7	
[Indicate if property is jointly owned] (1) Checking (Sovings Manay Man			
(1) Checking/Savings/Money Man Liquid Accounts:	ket/Certificates of	Deposit/	
Bank/Financial Institution/Broker	Account Number	Joint Owner	
Bank/Financial Institution/Broker	Account Number	if any	
		•	C
			_ \$
			\$ \$ \$
-			_ \$
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			_ ⊅
(2) Stocks/Bonds/Investments (inc sharing accounts):	cluding retirement	and profit-	
(a) Held by Brokers:			
Brokerage Firm/Institution	Account Number	Joint Owner, if any	
		<i>J</i>	\$
	9		
			\$
			\$

(b) Privately Held:			
Company/Issuer		nares Joint Owner, if any	
			\$
			\$
(3) Automobiles			
Year/Make/Model	V.I.N.	Joint Owner,	
		if any	
Y			\$
			\$
(4) Other assets of significan	it value:		
Description	Jo	oint Owner, if any	
	,		\$
			\$
Total Value of Personal	and Intangible Prope	rty:	\$
DEBTS AND OTHE			
PERSONAL AND IN	TANGIBLE PROPE	CRTY	
The Proposed Ward ha	as the following debts a	and/or liabilities:	Approximate Balance
(1) Secured Debts			
Obligor/Payee	Collateral Jo	oint Owner, if any	
			\$ \$
	F		\$
	¥		\$
(2) IIID-L4-			
(2) Unsecured Debts	A	0	
Obligor/Payee	Account Number Jo	oint Owner, it any	
			¢
			- v
		•	_ <u>\$</u>
			_ Φ
Total Debts and Other L	iabilities of Proposed	Ward:	\$
AVERAGE MONTHLY LIA	ABILITIES AND EX	PENSES	
Household:			
Care Facility/Rent/Mortgage I	'ayments:		\$
Property Taxes/Insurance:	**		\$
Utilities/Lawn Care/Pest Cont			\$
Miscellaneous Household Foo			\$
Total Credit Account and Other	er Debt Payments:		\$
Other [specify]		:	\$

Automotive/Transportation:		•
Fuel and Repairs:		\$
Tags, License Fees, Insurance:		\$
Bus/Train/Taxi Fares:		\$
Mr. Od D. 1 c CD. 1777 1		
Minors or Other Dependents of Proposed Ward:		
Childcare:		\$
School Tuition/Supplies/Expenses/Lunches:		\$
Clothing/Diapers/Grooming/Hygiene:		\$
Medical/Dental/Prescription:		\$
Other Insurance:		
Health:	4	\$
Life/Disability:		\$
Other [specify]	:	\$
Proposed Ward's Other Expenses:		
Laundry/Clothing/Grooming/Hygiene:		\$
Medical/Dental/Prescriptions/Medications:		\$
Entertainment/Vacations/Subscriptions/Dues:		\$
Personal Caretakers/Cleaning Personnel:		\$
	Total Expenses:	\$
		*
PAYMENTS TO CREDITORS		
Is the Proposed Ward behind on any debt payments?	[Select One]	☐ Yes ☐ No
If so, payee and amount:		\$
SUMMARY		
(1) Average Monthly Income:		\$
(2) Average Monthly Expenses:		\$
1700 VOICE		

A guardian a pursuant to O.C.G.A. for seeking such power				_	
	,	12.	5	* ***	
Was the Prop	osed Ward physic	cally present	in another s	state at least six	(6) consecutive
months during the year	ar preceding the fi	ling of this I	Petition?	[Select One]	☐ Yes ☐ No
If you answer Ward resided during	"Yes," list below the preceding year		ss, county, a	nd state in whi	ch the Proposed
Street		City	County	State	Zip Code
Did the Propo	sed Ward live alor	ne?		[Select One]	☐ Yes ☐ No
If you answer whom the ward reside	· "No," list belov ed.	v the name(s) and addre	ess(es) of those	individuals with
(Full name) First	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	Middle		Last	*
Street	.s.	City	County	State	Zip Code
(Full name) First	er er	Middle	- 10 - 10	Last	
Street		City	County	State	Zip Code
If you answer living in that area. Li. who live in that area addresses: (Full name) First		ials in the cl	osest degree	of kinship to the	Proposed Ward
(I all name) I list		Middle		Lust	
Street		City	County	State	Zip Code
(Full name) First	a	Middle	~	Last	5 (5) (6) (6) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7
Street	>	City	County	State	Zip Code
GPCSF 12		[11]			Eff. July 201

	this action under Georgia law, and particularly under
Additional Data: [Where full particomission.]	14. culars are lacking, state here the reasons for any such
	15.
It is in the best interest of the Propo conservator be appointed.	osed Ward that the within nominated guardian and/or
evaluation as required by law; 3. that upon receipt of the evaluation if for a guardian and/or conservator for	and an evaluator for the Proposed Ward and order an report, the Court order a hearing to determine the need
Signature of First Petitioner	Signature of Second Petitioner, if any
Printed Name	Printed Name
Mailing Address	Mailing Address
Telephone Number	Telephone Number
Signature of Attorney:	
Printed name of Attorney:	, e
Address:	<u>, </u>
a ,	
Telephone Number:	State Bar #

VERIFICATION

GEORGIA,COUNT	Y
Personally appeared before me the understate(s) that the facts set forth in the foregoing Per Conservator for a Proposed Ward (and the attached	* *
Sworn to and subscribed before me this, 20	
	Signature of First Petitioner
NOTARY/CLERK OF PROBATE COURT My Commission Expires	Printed Name of First Petitioner
Sworn to and subscribed before me this day of, 20	Signature of Second Petitioner
NOTARY/CLERK OF PROBATE COURT My Commission Expires	Printed Name of Second Petitioner

IN RE:	
	,) ESTATE NO.
PROPOSED WARD)
CONSENT TO SERV	E AS GUARDIAN/CONSERVATOR
RE: Petition for the Appointment of Proposed Ward	f a Guardian and/or Conservator for the above-named
Ι,	, having been nominated as guardian, and, having been nominated as sed Ward, do hereby consent to serve as guardian and/or
conservator if so appointed.	ward, do hereby consent to serve as guardian and/or
Signature Proposed Guardian	Signature Proposed Conservator
Printed Name	Printed Name
Mailing Address	Mailing Address
	<u> </u>
Telephone Number	Telephone Number

IN RE:	
	,) ESTATE NO.
PROPOSE	CD WARD
	tion for Appointment of a Guardian and/or Conservator for the above-named posed Ward
AFFIDA	VIT OF PHYSICIAN, PSYCHOLOGIST, OR CLINICAL SOCIAL WORKER FOR GUARDIANSHIP AND/OR CONSERVATORSHIP
Chapter 34 practice unclinical soc	eing first duly sworn, depose and say that I am a physician licensed to practice under of Title 43 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, a psychologist licensed to der Chapter 39 of Title 43 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, or a licensed ial worker; that my office address is
and that I h 20	ave examined the above-named Proposed Ward on the day of,
	he examination on which this affidavit is based must occur WITHIN FIFTEEN prior to the filing of the Petition.]
I found him	/her to be incapacitated by reason of:
2 8	
to the exten	t that said Proposed Ward:
[initial all t	that apply]
(a)	[for guardianship:] lacks sufficient capacity to make or communicate significant responsible decisions concerning his or her health or safety. [for conservatorship:] lacks sufficient capacity to make or communicate significant responsible decisions concerning the management of his or her property.
The threat(s) or	following facts support my opinion of incapacity and the existence of an immediate risk(s) to the Proposed Ward:
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
#F	

The foreseeable limits on the	duration o	of such inc	apacity are	e:		
WITNESS MY HAND AND SEAL t	this	_ day of _				, 20
	Signature	of Physici	an/Psycho	logist/Socia	al Worke	er
				C		
	Printed N	ame of Eva	aluator		-	
	1 IIIICG IV	unic of Lve	aruator			
Sworn to and subscribed before me th						
day of,	20					
Notary Public						
My Commission Expires						
(NOTARY SEAL AFFIXED)						

IN RE:)
PROPOSED WARD,) ESTATE NO
	TENT OF GERMAGE
ACKNOWLEDGM	IENT OF SERVICE
is hereby acknowledged by the following inter- Petition, in addition to any nominated guard	Appointment of a Guardian and/or Conservator rested persons as shown in paragraph 6 of said lian(s) and/or conservator(s). The undersigned of the Petition and all further service and notice is
Sworn to and subscribed before me this day of, 20	
	Signature
NOTARY/CLERK OF PROBATE COURT My Commission Expires	Printed Name
Sworn to and subscribed before me this, 20	
	Signature
NOTARY/CLERK OF PROBATE COURT My Commission Expires	Printed Name
Sworn to and subscribed before me this, 20	
	Signature
NOTARY/CLERK OF PROBATE COURT My Commission Expires	Printed Name